HLMP-40xx/HLMP-08xx

T-1 3/4, 2 mm x 5 mm Rectangular Bicolor LED Lamps



Data Sheet



Description

The T-1 3/4 HLMP-40xx and 2 mm by 5 mm rectangular HLMP-08xx are three leaded bicolor light sources designed for a variety of applications where dual state illumination is required in the same package. There are two LED chips, mounted on a central common cathode lead for maximum on-axis viewability. Colors between the two chips can be generated by independently pulse width modulating the LED chips.

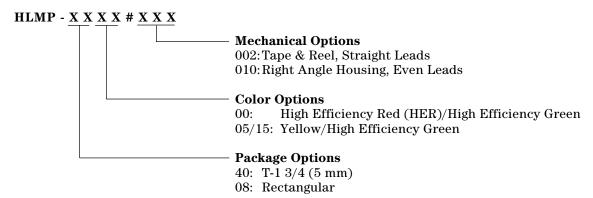
Features

- · Two color operation
- · Three leads with one common cathode
- · Option of straight or spread leads configuration
- · Diffused, wide visibility range

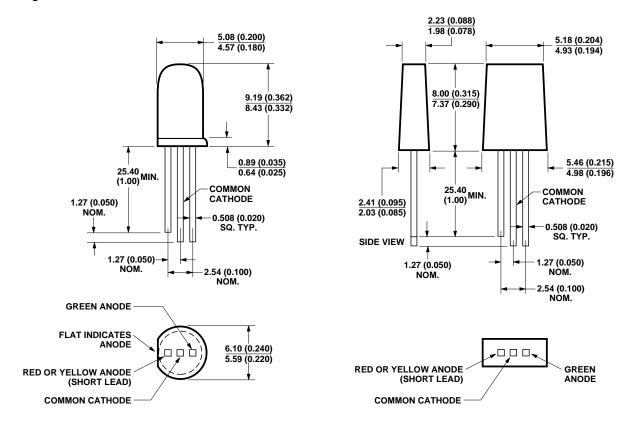
Selection Guide

| | | | Min. Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-----|--------|---------------------|--|
| Package | Part Number | Color | Green | Red | Yellow | I _F (mA) | |
| T-1 3/4 | HLMP-4000 | Green/HER | 4.2 | 2.1 | | 10 | |
| | HLMP-4000#xxx | | 4.2 | 2.1 | | 10 | |
| | HLMP-4015 | Green/Yellow | 20.0 | | 20 | 20 | |
| Rectangular | HLMP-0800 | Green/HER | 2.6 | 2.1 | | 20 | |
| | HLMP-0805 | Green/Yellow | 2.6 | | 1.4 | 20 | |

Part Numbering System



Package Dimensions



HLMP-40xx Straight Leads

HLMP-08xx Straight Leads

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Epoxy meniscus may extend about 1 mm (0.040") down the leads.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | HER/Green | Yellow/Green | Units | |
|--|-------------|--------------|-------|--|
| Peak Forward Current | 90 | 60 | mA | |
| Average Forward Current ^[1,2] (Total) | 25 | 20 | mA | |
| DC Current ^[2] (Total) | 30 | 20 | mA | |
| Power Dissipation ^[3] (Total) | 135 | 135 | mW | |
| Operating Temperature Range | -20 to +100 | -20 to +100 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -55 to +100 | -55 to +100 | °C | |
| Reverse Voltage (I _R = 100 μA) | 5 | 5 | V | |
| Transient Forward Current ^[4] (10 µsec Pulse) | 500 | 500 | mA | |

Notes

- 1. See Figure 5 to establish pulsed operating conditions.
- 2. The combined simultaneous current must not exceed the maximum.
- 3. The combined simultaneous current must not exceed the maximum.
- 4. The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring current that can be applied to the device without damaging the LED die and wirebond. It is not recommended that the device be operated at peak currents beyond the peak forward current listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

| | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|--------|----------------|------------------|--------|--------|------------------------------|
| Symbol | Parameter | High E | fficienc | y Red Max. | Green Min. | Tun | Max. | Yellow Min. | | Max. | Units | Test Condition |
| λ_{PEAK} | Peak Wavelength | IVIIII. | Typ. 635 | IVIAX. | IVIIII. | Typ . 568 | IVIAX. | IVIIII. | Typ . 583 | IVIAX. | nm | 20 mA |
| $\lambda_{\sf d}$ | Dominant Wavelength ^[1] | | 626 | | | 570 | | | 585 | | nm | 20 mA |
| $t_{\rm S}$ | Speed of Response | | 90 | | | 260 | | | 90 | | ns | |
| С | Capacitance | | 11 | | | 18 | | | 15 | | pF | $V_F = 0$, $f = 1 MHz$ |
| V _F | Forward Voltage | | 1.9 | 2.6 | | 2.2 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.6 | | V | 20 mA |
| $\overline{V_R}$ | Reverse Voltage | 5 | | | 5 | | | 5 | | | V | I _R = 100 μA |
| $R\theta_{\text{J-PIN}}$ | Thermal Resistance | | 210 | | | 210 | | | 210 | | °C/W | Junction-to- Cathode Lead |
| 2θ _{1/2} | Included Angle between half luminous intensity points ^[2] HLMP-40xx HLMP-08xx | | 65 100 | | | 65 100 | | | 65 100 | | degree | |
| η_{V} | Luminous Efficacy ^[3] | | 145 | | | 595 | | | 500 | | lm/W | |

Notes

- 1. The dominant wavelength, λ_{d_i} is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. Radiant intensity, le, in watts steradian, may be found from the equation le = Iv/ην, where Iv is the luminous intensity in candelas and η V is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

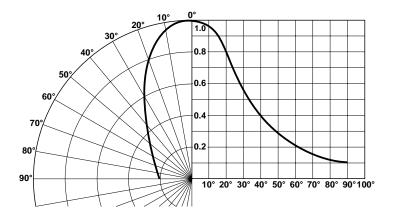


Figure 6. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement for HLMP-40xx.

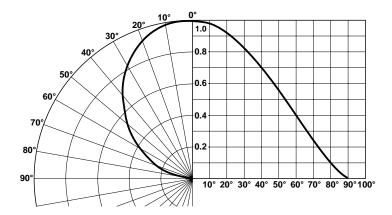


Figure 7. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement for HLMP-08xx.

Mechanical Option Matrix

| Mechanical Option Code | Definition |
|------------------------|--|
| 002 | Tape & Reel, straight leads, minimum increment 1300 pcs/bag |
| 010 | Right Angle Housing, even leads, minimum increment 500 pcs/bag |

Note

All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories. Please contact your local Avago representative for further clarification/information.